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### Content

- Mandate
- Expert reviews
- Policy & science networks
- Peer review
- DCD case study





The ability of the international community to stabilise atmospheric greenhouse gas concentrations at a safe level is dependent on an accurate knowledge of greenhouse gas emission trends and the ability to alter these trends.





# Methodologies

- UNFCCC reporting Guidelines
- Revised 1996 IPCC Guidelines
- IPCC Good Practice Guidance
- 2006 IPCC Guidelines





# **IPCC Principals**

- Transparency
- Accuracy
- Completeness
- Comparability
- Consistency





## National System

- Institutional arrangements
- · QA/QC
- Resourcing
- Single national entity
- Documentation & archiving



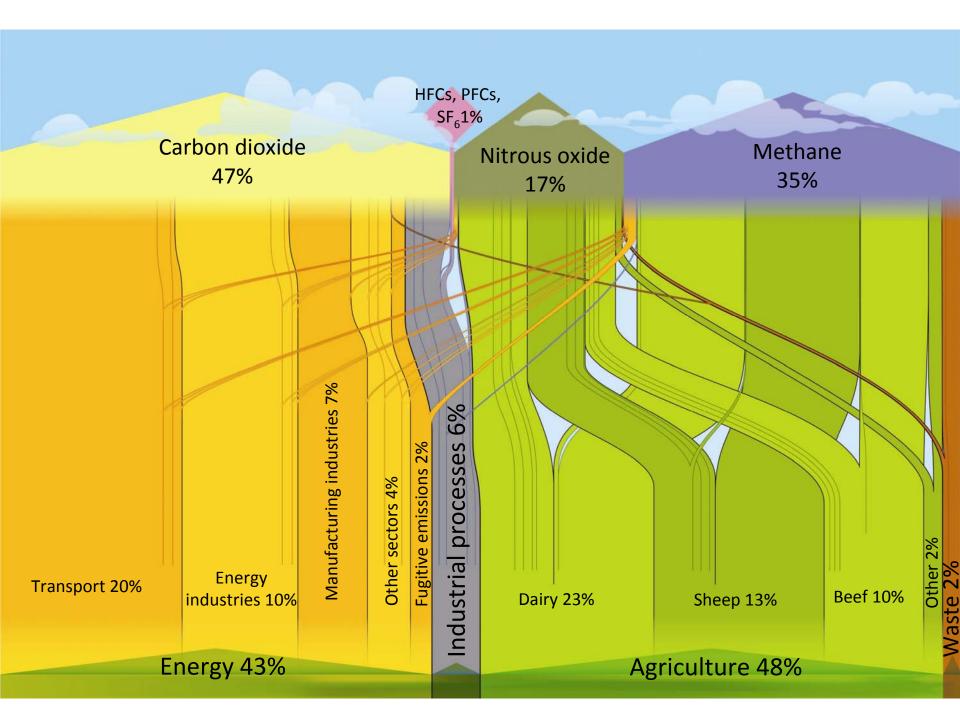


### **UNFCCC Review Process**

- 1. Initial check
- 2. Synthesis & assessment
- 3. Individual review
  - Centralised
  - In-country







## NZ's Distributed System

- MfE is the national inventory agency
  - LULUCF
  - Waste
  - •Non-CO<sub>2</sub> industrial processes & solvents
- MAF compiles the agriculture inventory
- MED energy & CO<sub>2</sub> from industrial processes





- MAF is responsible for calculating the agricultural sector of the National Greenhouse Gas Inventory
- To meet UNFCCC requirements continual inventory improvement is required to meet 'good practice'
- Inventory calculations are improved through improving the methodology, scientific knowledge & data behind the calculations
  - e.g. DCD mitigation technology for N<sub>2</sub>O from agricultural soils.





### Research Networks

- Two expert research networks to assist in research priority identification - Methanet and NzOnet
  - Two groups of scientists with research interests in agricultural CH<sub>4</sub>
     N<sub>2</sub>O production
  - Members from across the CRIs, e.g. AgResearch, NIWA, Landcare,
     Plant and Food, universities, private sector and government.





## **MAF** Funding

- MAF's national GHG reporting and forecasting work program
  - Funding for external research into agricultural emissions in NZ
  - Research focus determined each year in consultation with Methanet and NzOnet.
  - Reports commissioned and reviewed





# Other Funding

#### PGGRC

- Safe, cost effective greenhouse gas abatement technologies
- Industry and Crown (FRST) funded projects
- Personal attend Methanet and NzOnet workshops
- 7 main areas for research projects





### Centre Research Focus

- GHG mitigation research related to the pastoral, arable, horticulture, poultry & pig sectors including:
  - CH₄ from ruminant animals & waste systems,
  - N2O from ruminant animals & nitrogen fertiliser,
  - soil carbon in agriculture & horticulture
- Will <u>not</u> include planted forestry, energy, or biofuels





# **Inventory Change Process**

- Research
- Report
- Review
- Incorporation
  - Recalculations if required
  - Inventory Change Panel
  - MfE change form
  - MAF advises MfE





## Improvements

- Country specific emission factors changed to date
  - Frac<sub>leach</sub>, EF<sub>1</sub>, EF<sub>3PR&P</sub>
  - Future changes Frac<sub>gasm</sub>, Frac<sub>gasf</sub>
- Methodology
  - Tier 2 inventory model
  - Future changes regionalisation of dairy
- Mitigation example in agriculture of a mitigation incorporation into the national inventory
  - DCD











### DCD - Research

- Identified as a potential mitigation technology -Lincoln University
- Extensive national research programme
- Industry & government funded research
- Research has covered timing, rates, form, locations, environmental influence, impacts, persistence





# DCD - Report

- MAF review
  - Reviews literature
  - Assesses incorporation of DCD into Inventory
    - Recommends percentage reductions to EF<sub>3PR&P</sub>
    - Recommends data required
    - Investigates influence on potentially affected emission factors
    - Investigates Pro's and Con's
    - Future improvements





### DCD - Review

- International peer reviewed
- Reviewer notes on
  - If scientifically defensible
  - Consistent with IPCC good practice guidance
  - Recommends for inclusion/change or not
  - Any suggested extra research
  - Fills in change form for MfE





## Incorporation

- Recalculations if required back to 1990
  - UNFCCC requires consistent methodology
  - Recalculation forms for MfE for approval
- Inventory Change Panel
  - New Panel set up this year
  - Independent
  - Advises deputy DG-MAF on scientific robustness of proposed changes





## Acceptance

- Wait to see if accepted in UNFCCC Inventory review
  - Reviewed on an annual basis and therefore can be challenged annually
  - Any changes can be not accepted right up until 2015 submission (end of CP1)









